AKHBAR

: KOSMO

**MUKA SURAT: 14** 

RUANGAN

: NEGARA

Penduduk Bentong rekodkan pesakit darah tinggi paling ramai di Pahang

### Ramai orang Pekan ada diabetes



PENGESANAN awal penyakit kencing manis boleh menyelamatkan kaki penghidapnya dipotong. – GAMBAR HIASAN

Oleh ABDUL RASHID

KUANTAN – Jabatan Kesihatan Pahang mendedahkan lebih 565,000 individu terutama di daerah Bentong dan Pekan tidak mengetahui mereka sebenarnya menghidap penyakit diabetes dan darah tinggi.

Pengarahnya, Datuk Dr. Rusdi Abd. Rahman berkata, pecahan daripada jumlah itu menyaksikan seramai 262,249 individu menghidap diabetes, manakala tekanan darah tinggi pula seramai 303,347.

Katanya, keadaan itu sangat membimbangkan kerana masih ramai yang dikesan tidak mengetahui status penyakit kencing manis dan darah tinggi yang dihidapi mereka ketika ini.

"Selain itu, seramai 165,213 individu tidak tahu status penyakit kencing manis yang mereka alami, manakala 148,521 tidak tahu mereka menghidap tekanan darah tinggi.

"Risiko lewat mendapatkan rawatan akan mengakibatkan mereka berdepan dengan kerosakan mata, buah pinggang, saraf, jangkitan teruk pada luka di kaki yang akan menyebabkan ia dipotong, strok, angin ahmar dan jantung," katanya.

Menurut Rusdi, Tinjauan Ke-

Menurut Rusdi, Tinjauan Kebangsaan Kesihatan Morbiditi 2019 mendapati, beban penyakit idak berjangkit itu masih lagi tinggi dan membimbangkan.

Tambahnya, Bentong merekodkan pesakit tekanan darah tinggi terbanyak, manakala ramai menghidap kencing manis di Pekan.

"Mereka yang tidak mengetahui menghidap penyakit itu juga membimbangkan. Mereka hanya tahu selepas diperiksa di klinik atau hospital dan la agak terlewat," katanya.

Dalam pada itu, beliau berkata, pihaknya akan terus komited untuk memastikan kawalan pencegahan penyakit seperti diabetes dan tekanan darah tinggi ini sentiasa berada pada tahap optima.

"Strategi adalah berfokus kepada meningkatkan saringan pra-penyakit melalui Inisiatif saringan kesihatan kebangsaan dan memperluaskan aktiviti kawalan kesihatan kendiri melalui sukarelawan MyChampion yang menjadi nadi penggerak kepada komuniti.

"Selain itu melalui pemantauan dan pengesanan awal komplikasi penyakit diabetes dan hipertensi bagi mengurangkan kadar kematian akibat penyakit tidak berjangkit," ujarnya. **AKHBAR** 

: UTUSAN MALAYSIA

**MUKA SURAT: 6** 

RUANGAN

: DALAM NEGERI

6

Utusan Malaysia SELASA • 23 APRIL 2024

**Dalam Negeri** 

## Tubuh Suruhanjaya Perkhidmatan Kesihatan dibentang ke Kabinet

Oleh MOHD, HUSNI

MOHD. NOOR utusannews@mediamulia.com.my

PUTRAJAYA: Cadangan dan mekanisme penubuhan Suruhan-Perkhidmatan Kesihatan kini dalam peringkat penelitian akhir sebelum dibentangkan kepada Kabinet dalam masa terdekat.

Menteri Kesihatan, Datuk Seri Dr. Dzulkefly Ahmad berkata, perkara itu perlu dirujuk kepada Kabinet terlebih dahulu sama ada menerusi nota Kabinet atau memorandum Jemaah Menteri.

"Saya harap dalam waktu terdekat kita akan dapat umum perkara ini," katanya ketika ditemui selepas melancarkan Laporan Tahunan Clinical Research Malaysia (CRM) 2023 di sini, semalam.

Katanya, cadangan penubuhan suruhanjaya itu telah diang-kat sebagai satu pembaharuan dalam manifesto pilihan raya umum lalu

Dr. Dzulkefly berkata, cadangan itu pastinya akan direalisasikan kerana ia antara perkara yang disebut dalam manifesto.

"Bagaimanapun, butiran dan mekanisme penubuhannya tidak dapat didedahkan buat masa ini," katanya.

Cadangan penubuhan suruhanjaya itu pernah dicetuskan Gerakan Hartal Doktor Kontrak (HDK) tahun lalu sebagai satu usaha menangani isu berkaitan skim perkhidmatan kesihatan terutamanya doktor.

Malah, bekas Menteri Kesihatan, Dr. Zaliha Mustafa sebelum ini pernah memaklumkan. kerangka suruhanjaya itu akan dibangunkan termasuk struktur tadbir urus dan pembentukan pelbagai jawatankuasa dinamakan kumpulan kerja teknikal.

Cadangan penubuhan suruhanjaya itu penting kerana ia sebahagian daripada manifesto

Pakatan Harapan (PH), malah dianggap platform terbaik memperkasa kebajikan dan jaminan kerjaya untuk staf kesihatan kontrak di Malaysia.

Penubuhan segera suru-hanjaya itu juga penting bagi mengekang pengaliran keluar "insan kesihatan" terbaik negara justeru, sektor perkhidmatan kesihatan ini harus dipisahkan daripada Suruhanjaya Perkhidmatan Awam dan Jabatan Perkhidmatan Awam.

**AKHBAR** : UTUSAN MALAYSIA

**MUKA SURAT: 8** 

RUANGAN : DALAM NEGERI

#### Gas sulfur tinggi ancam kesihatan penduduk Asia Tenggara

PETALING JAYA: Gas sulfur dioksida tinggi terbentuk daripada letusan Gunung Ruang yang bergerak melalui atmosfera rantau Asia Tenggara membawa kesan buruk kepada kesihatan ma-nusia selain merosakkan harta benda serta ekosistem.

Bercakap kepada *Utusan Ma-*laysia, Pengerusi Jabatan Sains Bumi dan Alam Sekitar, Fakulti Sains dan Teknologi, Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia, Profesor Dr. Mohd Talib Latif berkata, letusan gunung berapi seperti ini biasanya memiliki kesan jangka panjang terhadap ekosistem dan iklim dan mempengaruhi perubahan iklim berdasarkan skala letusan tersebut.

Menurutnya, bagi pesakit yang mempunyai masalah per-nafasan, pergerakan keluar ru-

mah juga harus terbatas mengikut keperluan.

"Langkah berjaga-jaga harus dilakukan melalui pemantauan pergerakan arah angin ke sesua-tu kawasan," katanya. Dalam pada itu, pakar mete-

orologi, Profesor Datuk Dr. Azizan Abu Samah berkata, di Sa-bah ketika ini, arah angin berada pada aras 13 hingga 15 kilometer. "Arah angin ini membawa

debu dari gunung meletus ke arah utara Borneo Sabah dan disebabkan itu laluan terbang yang berisiko terkena debu Gu-

nung Ruang. "Kesimpulannya, hanya laluan penerbangan sahaja yang akan terjejas dengan debu Gu-nung Ruang," katanya ketika dihubungi.

Mengulas lanjut, Azizan

berkata, tiada sistem teknologi yang boleh digunakan untuk mengatasi perkara itu, namun orang ramai perlu menyesuajkan diri dengan keadaan terse-

but.
"Debu Gunung Ruang berkait
vang tidak dengan letupan yang tidak boleh dihentikan serta aliran udara juga tidak boleh diubah.

"Oleh itu, kita perlu meman-tau dan juga melakukan rama-lan arah angin serta bagaimana

lan arah angin serta bagaimana debu akan dibawa oleh angin tersebut," katanya.

Antara langkah yang wajar dilakukan adalah mengelak kawasan berdebu tinggi dan berbahaya pada pesawat serta menukar laluan penerbangan yang mengurangkan risiko merentasi mengurangkan risiko merentasi kawasan debu tebal.

AKHBAR : NEW STRAITS TIMES

**MUKA SURAT: 13** 

RUANGAN : LETTERS

# S'PORE VAPING BAN SHOWS LIMITATIONS

ALAYSIANS know Singaporeas a no-nonsense island state with strict controls on everything, from chewing gum to drugs.

So it came as a surprise that the republic is unable to contain a modern-day scourge: electronic

Singapore's Straits Times reported on April 3 that despite strict laws banning vaping since 2018, Illicit devices still found their way into the republic — with the purchase, use or possession of e-cigarettes surging to 7,900 cases in 2023, This should be a wake-up call for Malaysia, which is more times low.

Malaysia, which is many times larger than Singapore and has a more porous border. On top of that, we have a penchant for finding legal Ioopholes

The Singapore experience should teach us that blanket bans— as advocated by some anti-tobacco

activists — do not work.

Now that the Control of Smoking
Products for Public Health Act 2023
has been gazetted, we need to be
smart about controlling smoking.

It is imperative that we acknowledge the excited hardware.

edge the evolving landscape of tobacco consumption and smoking habits.

One aspect is to discern between conventional cigarettes, vaping devices and heated tobacco products, and approach regulation with nuance and balance.

Conventional cigarettes have long been recognised as the primary driver of tobacco-related health issues. However, with the emergence of vaping devices, we are witnessing a shift in smoking habits.

Vaping involves inhaling aerovaping involves thraining aero-solised vapour produced by heating a liquid solution, which may con-tain nicotine and flavourings. While vaping avoids combustion and thus reduces exposure to certain toxins, concerns persist regarding its longterm health effects and appeal to

young people.

Similarly, heated tobacco products offer an alternative method of tobacco consumption.

These products heat tobacco

rather than burning it, resulting in an aerosol containing nicotine with significantly reduced levels of harmful chemicals.

Despite that, questions remain regarding the long-term health implications of heated tobacco

Thus, our government faces the challenge of formulating tobacco control policies that protect public health while acknowledging the complexities of different smoking

products.
While bans may seem like a sim-

ple solution, the Singapore experience shows that they risk driving consumers towards illicit markets or less regulated alternatives, potentially exacerbating rather

than mitigating health risks.

We must recognise the limitations of blanket bans in addressing complex behavioural patterns. instead, a balanced approach that promotes harm reduction and encourages smokers to transition towards less harmful alternatives

should be taken.
This could involve enforcing strict regulations to ensure the safety and quality of vaping and heated tobacco products, restrict-ing marketing practices that target young people, and providing com-prehensive education on the risks and benefits of different smoking

products.

By adopting such an approach,
we can safeguard public health
while respecting individual choices
and promoting alternatives to tradi-

tional smoking.
Policymakers must recognise the nuances of smoking habits and prioritise evidence-based strategies that will address the complex challenges posed by smoking in our

AHMAD DAHLAN SHUKRI

AKHBAR : THE STAR

**MUKA SURAT: 5** 

RUANGAN : NATION

# Eyes on psychosocial pandemic

#### Experts: Youth's mental wellbeing requires transformation of cities and social life

PETALING JAYA: The Malaysian

Youth Mental Health Index can be a vital tool for monitoring the "psychosocial health" of youth on a periodic basis, say experts.

Consultant paediatrician Datuk Dr Amar Singh HSS said the mental health problem faced by youth is not peculiar to Malaysia but has

been observed worldwide.
"It might be better to move "It might be better to move from calling this a 'mental health' problem to a 'psychosocial' problem. We can only expect it to worsen over time unless we act decisively to improve the situation for our youth," he said.

The index, he said, is vital as a critical tool or guide to periodically monitor the psychosocial

ly monitor the psychosocial health of Malaysian youth.

nearth of Malaysian youth.

The findings of the Malaysian Youth Index 2023 (MyMHI'23) launched yesterday. It covers

seven domains, namely lifestyle, surrounding environment, per-sonal characteristics, life experiences, social support, coping mechanism, and healthy mind. "MyMHP23 overall rating was

71.9, from close to 6,000 partici-pants, and shows us that Malaysian youth, as a whole, face a moderate risk of mental health

"We would appreciate disaggre gated data to see the index by social class, geographical location, ethnicity and gender," he said. Of the domains, the worst scor-

ing areas were "surrounding environment" (65.5), "healthy mind" (66.1) and "social support" (68.3), he noted,

"This data suggests that youth find the environment not very supportive, especially the physi-cal environment and social expectations, are receiving inadequate support from family, significant others and experts, and many are experiencing some degree of anxiety or depression," he added. While acknowledging that there are good recommendations

in the report, Dr Amar said to initiate a meaningful and real action plan, it is important to under-stand the reasons behind this global growing "psychosocial" pandemic.
"The reasons are complex and

the action plan needs to call for long-term prevention via a transformation of cities and social life.

"We require meaningful connections and relationships that are not screen-based, and numer-ous city-based green lungs for families to hang out and find each

"We need to change the focus of society on what constitutes suc

cess - relationships, and not achievements, acquisition, ability or fame.

"As we work on prevention parents need to invest more time in listening to their children, and teachers must be aware of what is happening to the children they are teaching," he added.

Aside from that, Dr Amar said the government must invest in the expansion of psychosocial ser-vices for adolescents nationwide with targeted federal funding. Prof Dr Sharifa Ezat Wan Puteh.

a health economics and public health specialist with Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia, said the study serves as a valuable early indication of potential mental health problems among Malaysian youth.

She pointed to another survey that was conducted in 2019 that had revealed that some 424,000 children in Malaysia had mental health problems, with one in eight adolescents aged 10 to 19 estimated to have a mental disor-

der.
"It's crucial to continue address

"it's crucial to continue addressing mental health challenges and providing support to those in need and from low-income families with conflicts," she said.

However, Assoc Prof Dr Anasuya Jegathevi Jegathesan, dean of the Psychology and Social Sciences Faculty of University of Cyberjaya, said the research had not identified the actual groups where support was lacking and at actual risk. actual risk

"The report as a snapshot fails to show where effort should be put in, what groups would benefit from what kind of interventions and who are the most endan-gered," she said, adding that more clarity is needed on the data

#### Tackling mental health crisis needs collective effort, says Yeoh

PUTRAJAYA: It takes ministries working together to tackle mental health issues among youth, says Hannah Yeoh.

With new research indicating that young Malaysians face poten-tial mental health problems, the Youth and Sports Minister said they need more recreational activities to improve their mental

wellbeing. While the ministry's own Rakan Muda programme provides some respite for the youth, Yeoh said other ministries could use the latest findings to offer solutions.
"When you look at the coping

mechanism point (from the report), there are four methods of how youth manage stress—leisure activities, spending time with family and friends, worship or spiritual activities and outdoor



"I am happy that all this correlates with the 10 Rakan Muda activities that address the needs of today's youth such as Rakan Litar (racing) and Rakan Digital," she said during her speech at the launch of the Malaysian Youth Mental Health Index 2023 (MyMHi'23) report at a hotel

Yeoh aiving her ech at the launching of Malaysian Youth Mental Health Index 2023 in Putrajaya. – FAIHAN GHANI/ The Star

Minds matter:

Produced by the Institute for Youth Research Malaysia (Iyres) and United Nations Children's Fund, the report gave Malaysia a score of 71.91 – a moderately satisfactory level that serves as an early indication of potential mental health problems among

Malaysian youth.

The MyMHF23, which involved 5,867 respondents, covered seven domains – lifestyle, surrounding environment, personal character istics, life experiences, social sup-port, coping mechanism, and healthy mind - and supported by 28 indicators

Yeoh said MyMHP23 will be presented to the Cabinet to ensure that more ministries are involved in tackling mental health issues

in tacking mental health issues among youth.

She said Orang Asli youth scored the lowest in the index, adding that it is pertinent for an engagement session with the related ministries to acknowledge such finding.

such findings.
"We also need to engage with the National Unity Ministry for it to knowwhat kind of engagement

"Also, the Housing Ministry (under the Local Government Development Ministry), for example, would know how to provide better space for recreational activities as some PPR (People's Housing Programme) projects lack such areas for the purpose," she added.

Yeoh also suggested that the

Health Ministry's Mentari mental health outreach programme be made available at shopping malls instead of just hospitals to enable better access and to remove the stigma among youth of seeking help from experts and specialists



### Survey: Majority of Malaysian youth have got the blues

PETALING JAYA: Six in 10 Malaysian youth aged between 15 and 30 years had mild to severe depressive symptoms, the latest

nationwide survey shows.
On the bright side, the results suggested that overall quality of life experiences among Malaysian

youth was "satisfactory".

The research was part of the Malaysian Youth Mental Health Index 2023 (MyMHF23), which was conducted by the Institute for Youth Research Malaysia (Iyres) and United Nations Children's Fund from October to November 2022 and March to April 2023, featuring 5,867 respondents. It covered seven domains—life-

style, surrounding environment, personal characteristics, life expe-riences, social support, coping riences, social support, coping mechanism and healthy mind -

and supported by 28 indicators.
The findings also noted that
three in 10 had moderate to
severe anxiety symptoms while
one in 10 suffered from high

"A score of 71.91 indicates that the youth's mental health is rated as moderately satisfactory," the report noted on the overall men-

A moderately satisfactory men-tal health level could serve as a valuable early indication of potential mental health problems,

It suggested that there were are suggested that there were some stressors, especially those related to the domains of sur-rounding environment, social support and healthy mind. "If left unaddressed, these could

lead to more serious mental health concerns among Malaysian

youth," it said. The MyMHI'23 scoring ranged from 0 to 100, with the lowest possible being 0 and the highest possible 100. The higher the score, the lower the risk of youth facing mental health issues.

Conversely, the lower the score, the greater the risk of youth fac-ing mental health issues. On the lifestyle domain, the

respondents registered a moderately satisfactory score of 71.44, whereby many youth were trying to maintain a relatively balanced lifestyle which benefited their mental health. On the surrounding environ-ment, they scored 65.46.

"It indicates that while there be certain supportive aspects, there are also potential stressors and challenges that

stressors and challenges that could impact the mental health and well-being of Malaysian youth," the report explained.

On the personal characteristics domain, these youth scored 71.65, suggesting that many Malaysian routh prosessed valuable traits youth possessed valuable traits that enabled them to overcome multiple life challenges, thus boosting resilience and fostering positive mental health and well-being.

Wei-being.
The youth surveyed scored 88,51 for life experiences.
"This suggests that overall quality of life experiences among Malaysian youth is deemed satisfactory.

"The majority of Malaysian youth are unlikely to experience negative events in their lives such

negative events in their invession.

The young people, however, were receiving inadequate emotional, practical and information. support from family, friends,

significant others, and experts, thus scoring 68.29 on the social support domain, the report said.

The respondents also scored 71.92 for coping mechanism, with engaging in leisure activities (93.57%), spending time with family and friends (89.80%), engaging in worship or spiritual practices (87.01%), and spending time on outdoors activities (86.66%) being the ton four stress (86.66%) being the top four stress

management strategies.
As for healthy mind, the respondents scored 66.10, which indicated that youth in Malaysia were at moderate risk of facing emotional disturbance or disrup-tive feelings.

Of the youth surveyed, about 52.71% had mild anxiety; 30.99% minimal anxiety; 45.35% mild depression; and 14.37% minimal

no depression. When it came to ethnicity, Orang Asii scored the lowest with 62.48, followed by Indians (70.05), others (70.99), bumiputra Sabah (71.04), Malay (71.84), Chinese (72.91) and

bumiputra Sarawak (73.37).

The survey also stated that in 2020, one in 10 youth had report-

ed suicidal tendencies - in the form of thoughts, plans and attempts

It added that 953 people had tendencies to commit suicide in 2019 and the number increased to 2,119 in 2020.

The report, launched by Youth and Sports Minister Hannah Yeoh in Putrajaya yesterday, also iden-tified intervention measures to

improve youth mental health. It suggested creating less crowded living spaces with ade-quate basic facilities to promote a stress-free environment; increasing youth access to mental health services; and promoting a healthy lifestyle, including providing a healthy diet and physical regi-

neariny diet and physical regi-men; among others. The full MyMHP23 report can be downloaded from https:// www.iyres.gov.my/penyelidikan/ senarai-penyelidikan.



**AKHBAR** : THE STAR

**MUKA SURAT: 13** 

RUANGAN : NATION

## Clearing the air on Cardiothoracic Parallel Pathway issues

PETALING JAYA: The cardio-thoracic parallel pathway does not use the Joint Surgical Colleges Fellowship Examination (JSCFE) Cardiothoracic examination or the Fellowship of the Royal College of Surgeons (FRCS) international gualification, as quoted by some opponents, says the Malaysian Association for Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery (MATCVS). The association's executive council said in a statement yester-

day that it uses "a totally unrelat-ed and different examination and

qualification".

Therefore, MATCVS has told opponents of the parallel pathway to quit public criticisms after two ministers announced plans to move forward with amendments

to the Medical Act 1971. The body, which has been at the forefront of pushing for recogni-tion of the cardiothoracic surgery parallel pathway programme, said it would abide by Higher Education Minister Zambry Abdul Kadir's call for a "ceasefire"

in the parallel pathway conflict.
"We fully agree with this and humbly request all parties with constructive criticisms of the Cardiothoracic Parallel Pathway training to engage with us directly for further information, clarification and discussion, and avoid further unnecessary and often inaccurate and wrong negative public statements that are causing confusion to both the medical

profession and the public.

"The Cardiothoracic Parallel
Pathway training and curriculum are quality assured by the Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh (RCSEd) and follow the same standards and requirements as the Malaysian National Postgra-duate Medical Curriculum (NPMC) for Cardiothoracic Surgery and the UK Intercollegiate Surgical Curriculum for Cardiothoracic Surgery regulated by the UK General Medical Council (GMC).

"The exit examination is the RCSEd Joint Specialty Fellowship (JSF) examination in Cardiothoracic Surgery. This examination follows the same standards and format as the Intercollegiate Specialty Board examination conducted in the United Kingdom and regulated by the GMC.

This is the same and the only

Cardiothoracic exit examination and qualification used in Hong Kong and Singapore, fully recognised by both countries, and also in Brunei.

in Brunei.
"The qualification awarded is
the Fellowship of the Royal
College of Surgeons of Edinburgh
(FRCS Ed) in Cardiothoracic Surgery and is recognised by the UK
General Medical Council (GMC)
and also by Singapore, Hong Kong and Brunei

"Graduates of the Cardiothoracic Parallel Pathway training have received confirmation from the GMC that they are eligible for specialist registration in the United Kingdom with this qualification," the MATCVS said.

It added that the Health direction general must remain as

director-general must remain as the Malaysian Medical Council

the Malaysian Medical Council (MMC) president.

The training of specialists through the parallel pathway is a government initiative set up by the Health Ministry in 2014, having received the approval of the then health minister and relevant competent authorities at the time to increase the number of time, to increase the number of specialists in the country, espe-

specialists in the country, espe-cially in public hospitals.

The training and qualifications were approved and recognised by the government and are quality assured by the Royal Colleges.

Earlier this month, four gradu-

ates from the parallel pathway training with the Royal College of training with the Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh in cardio-thoracic surgery took legal action against the MMC for refusing to register them on the National Specialist Register (NSR). This was the third known law-

suit against the MMC's rejection of NSR specialist registration appliregistration applications, in which judicial review applications were filed to legally challenge the independent regulatory body's recent non-recognition of certain specialist training

programmes.

The other two lawsuits were filed by a neurosurgeon with FRCS freland in neurosurgery and six pathology graduates in medical genetics from Universiti Sains Malaysia (USM), a local university.

The High Court has granted leave for both judicial review applications.