

# Orthopaedic

Standard Operating Procedures
For Medical Assistants in Orthopaedic

# Orthopaedic Orthopaedic

Ministry Of Health, Malaysia



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Ministry of Health, Malaysia

#### Reprinted © July 2006

#### ISBN 983-42618-0-2

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#### Reprint - 2006

Edited and reprinted
Published by Medical Assistants Board
Ministry of Health Malaysia
Level 2, Block E1, Parcel E Government Complex,
Federal Government Administrative Centre, 62590 Putrajaya.
Tel: 603-8883 1370 Fax: 603-8883 1490

Printed by PERCETAKAN WARNI SDN. BHD.
 48, Lorong Peusahaan 4, Kimpal Industrial Park,
 68100 Batu Caves, Selangor Darul Ehsan.



# FOREWORD

S tandard Operating Procedures for Medical Assistants in the Medical Care Programme serves as a guide to meet the standards of care and professionalism set out by the Ministry of Health of Malaysia (MOH). It also serves to enhance public awareness of standards expected from Medical Assistants (MAs) who provide specialized care for patients. Public awareness of standards expected from MAs will hopefully encourage greater compliance amongst

MAs themselves to these guidelines. It is in their best interest to adhere, at all times, to the Standard Operating Procedures laid in this book.

Of late, Medical Assistants have seen many positive changes initiated by the Medical Development and Practice Divisions of MOH as well as the Medical Assistant Board with full support from all senior consultants in MOH. The MOH recognizes the valuable contributions by MAs and have created several senior posts of Medical Assistants to enhance and improve the clinical supervision and management of patients. The Ministry of Health has always stressed on the importance of effective supervision of their peers by senior Medical Assistants, under the guidance of medical officers. The preparation of the Standard Operating Procedures and other guidelines are aimed at providing useful information for quality patient care and I hope these guidelines will be used as reference material for Medical Assistants throughout the country in the execution of their duties and efforts to provide quality health care to the community.

I am confident the Standard Operating Procedures will be well accepted. We will of course ensure that updates with new topics, activities and procedures will be introduced in future editions.

May I congratulate the Medical Programme of MOH, all senior consultants and the Medical Assistants Technical Committee for their tireless efforts and commitment to publish the Standard Operating Procedures. We would also like to record our thanks to all doctors and Medical Assistants involved in the successful preparation of this first edition of the Standard Operating Procedures. I am always impressed with efforts to strive for excellence in service delivery and such efforts by the MAs are most commendable indeed.

len

Tan Sri Datuk Dr. Hj. Mohd. Ismail Merican Director General of Health Ministry of Health, Malaysia July 2006



## FOREWORD

Successive generations of Medical Assistants who have worked in the Ministry of Health have all practiced the long-held tradition of hands-on training to ensure that everyone can acquire the latest knowledge and skills. While formal training has always been encouraged this is not always possible for some for various reasons. To their credit this form of knowledge and skill

sharing has been done rather effectively. While practicing the skill which they acquired through training never posed any problem, the lack of documents which specify standard methods of carrying various tasks has been a cause of anxiety and concern to many. Thus the arrival of this document on the standard operating procedures for Orthopaedic medicine into the scene now should alleviate the anxiety of many.

The importance and relevance of this SOP Standard Operating Procedures for Orthopaedic medicine, which is long overdue, can never be overstated. This SOP will ensure uniformity/standardization, correctness/accuracy, effectiveness as well consistency in performance. Not all tasks require SOP as they are carried out routinely. SOPs can be considered as mandatory for tasks which are complicated. Tasks and procedures associated with the four above mentioned disciplines are certainly complicated.

SOP can easily be "linked" to quality assurance. Compliance to SOP would certainly ensure quality care for the patient. This is important as our patients now are increasingly well informed of their rights and they expect nothing less than the quality of care that they perceive they deserve. This SOP will not only be useful to those who are already familiar with the procedures but staff who are fairly new will find it very useful.

Writing this SOP, I am sure, has not been an easy task. It requires an certain depth of knowledge, team approach and the courage to decide on what should constitute standard methods. To the authors of this SOP we owe them deep gratitude for their effort, time and resilience. They must be congratulated for a job well done.

Thank you

Dato' Dr. Hjh . Noorimi binti Hj. Morad Director of Medical Development Division Ministry of Health, Malaysia



## MESSAGE

It is my great pleasure and honour to say a few words on this first edition Standard Operating Procedures for Medical Assistants in Orthopaedics. I would like to congratulate the Working Committee in the preparation and compilation of this issue.

These surgical procedures have existed since the begining of Orthopaedic services in this country. This compilation reflects the proactive stance of its members, in their desire to put practice in writing.

The listed procedures are not exhaustive, but comprehensive and practical in its general application.

There is an ever increasing complexity in Orthopaedic surgical procedures. This reference compilation will be a guide to new and trainee paramedics, and also ensure greater uniformity in the practice. Not only will it enhance quality care and safety, it will also minimize errors and morbidities.

The meticulous and great effort invested in this publication is reflected in its systematic, simple and clear manner for easy reading and reference. Hence, I am confident that this book will be a useful guide in our daily work.

I would like to express my gratitude to the doctors and especially the medical assistants for coming forward in sharing their experiences and knowledge in this compilation. My sincere thanks to the Medical Practice Division and the Medical Development Division, Ministry of Health for their support and sponsorship and to all those involved in the publication of this book including those whose names are not mentioned unintentionally.

Thank you

Dato' Dr. Muhd. Borhan Tan bin Abdullah,

Head of Orthopaedic Services, Technical Advisor Senior Orthopaedic Consultant and Head of Department

Institute Orthopaedic and Traumatology, Kuala Lumpur Hospital

#### TECHNICAL COMMITTEE

CHAIRMAN : Hj. Hassan bin Hj. Ahmad, AMN, PIS

Chief Medical Assistant, Ministry of Health Malaysia

TECHNICAL ADVISOR: Dato' (Dr.) Muhd Burhan Tan bin Abdullah.

D.P.M.P. JSM, KMN, AMP

Senior Orthopaedic Consultant and Head of Department

Institute Orthopaedic and Traumatology,

Kuala Lumpur Hospital

DEPUTY CHAIRMAN : M. Krishnan, AMN, PJK

Senior Medical Assistants, Malacca Hospital

COORDINATIOR : Hj. Johari bin Hj. Zakaria, PPN

Senior Medical Assistant

Medical Assistant Board, Ministry of Health Malaysia

SECRETARY : Hj. Karim bin Tamby Kadir, PBM

Senior Medical Assistants

Malacca Hospital

MEMBERS : Mr. Mazwar bin Sofyan

Orthopedic Consultants, Kuala Lumpur Hospital

Mr. Mohd Kamal bin Mohd Hisa

Orthopedic Specialist & Head of Orthopaedic Department,

Malacca Hospital

Mahmud bin Mohd Din, AMN, PPN

Senior Medical Assistants Sultanah Fatimah Specialist

Hospital Muar, Johor

Hj. Lebbay Kutti @ Lebai Lutfi bin Kowther

Senior Medical Assistants, Penang Hospital, Penang

Hi. Muhamad Diah bin Koleh

Senior Medical Assistants, Seremban Hospital

Negeri Sembilan

Tan Tian Seng

Medical Assistants, Sultanah Aminah Hospital Johor Bahru

Tay Sim Chin Senior Medical Assistants, Malacca Hospital

Mustafa bin Yaacob Senior Medical Assistants, Sultanah Aminah Hospital Johor Bahru, Johor

Ramzan bin Taib Senior Medical Assistants Sultanah Fatimah Specialist Hospital, Muar, Johor

Kuldip Singh a/I Partap Singh Senior Medical Assistants, Ipoh Hospital

Sukumaran Kenath Senior Medical Assistants, Sultanah Aminah Hospital Johor Bahru, Johor

Haji Muhamad Saleh bin Hassan Senior Medical Assistants, Kuantan Hospital, Pahang

Haji Mohd Roslan bin Abd. Jalil Senior Medical Assistants, Alor Setar Hospital, Kedah

Tamby Subry bin Mohd Meeran Medical Assistants Instructor Training Management Division, Ministry of Health Malaysia

Heleston Pereira Senior Medical Assistants, Kuala Lumpur Hospital

Sukia Kim Seng Senior Medical Assistants Sarawak General Hospital, Kuching

#### LIST OF CONTRIBUTORS

Mohd Badzi bin Abdullah

Primary Health Development Division

Ministry of Health Malaysia

Mansor J.A. Fenner

Senior Curriculum Coordinator Training Management Division Ministry of Health Malaysia

Hi, Mohideen Hassan

Principal.

Medical Assistant College.

Ulu Kinta, Perak

#### LIST OF REVIEWERS

- 1. Mr. Se To Boon Chong Senior Orthopaedic Consultant and Head of Orthopaedic Department Penang Hospital, Penang
- 2 Dato' (Dr.) Ramanathan Ramiah, D.P.M.P. Orthopaedic Consultant and Head of Orthopaedic Department Ipoh Hospital, Perak
- 3. Mr. Harwant Singh Orthopaedic Consultant and Head of Orthopaedic Department Seremban Hospital, Negeri Sembilan
- 4. Mr. Md Mujait bin Kasman Orthopaedic Specialist and Head of Orthopaedic Department Sultanah Fatimah Specialist Hospital, Muar. Johor
- 5. Mr. M. Thirumal, S.M.S. Senior Orthopaedic Consultant and Head of Orthopaedic Department Tengku Ampuan Rahimah Hospital, Klang, Selangor
- 6. Mr. Mohammad Anwar Hau Abdullah Orthopaedic Consultant and Head of Orthopaedic Department Kota Bharu Hospital, Kelantan
- 7. Mr. Ahmad Tajuddin bin Abdullah Orthopaedic Consultant Kuala Terengganu Hospital, Terengganu

#### THE EVOLVING OF MEDICAL ASSISTANTS

The Medical Assistants evolved from "Dresser" during the Pre war times in then Malaya. Later the name was changed to Hospital Assistants in 1970 and in 1985, the name has designated as Medical Assistants. The leading roles and responsibilities of Medical Assistants can be considered as the backbone of the rural Government curative and preventive component of the health care services.

Their services weré comparable as those of physician's assistant in the United States, nurse practitioner in Europe, the "Bare-foot Doctor" in China and then in Soviet Union the "Feldsher". Medical Assistants elsewhere perform the many tasks of physician. They were the main health care personnel which represent an alternative to physician centred health care both in outpatient and inpatient service.

The training of the dresser was conducted with lectures and supervised in his practical work through his routine duties from seasoned medical graduates.

After passing the Probationer to Grade III Examination, at the end of two years, these dressers were assigned to work as junior members of a team of more senior dressers in carrying out their professional duties. At the end of his four years, after passing the examination, he had to sit for his Grade III to Grade II Examination.

A Dresser with Grade II rank and status was then considered as "sufficiently competent" and experienced to handle surgical and medical problems in hospital.

He is competent to handle any emergencies and has practical experience in Midwifery. Dresser Grade II to Grade I, considered prestigious, were for the Senior Grade Dresser. The subjects were Medicine, Surgery, Materia Medica, Preventive Medicines and Midwifery.

In early Malaya, and now Malaysia, Dressers have been called different names. They were referred to as Apothecaries, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Surgical Assistant, Hospital Assistants and now Medical Assistants.

Towards 1965, Crash-Program was started by recruiting youths of the Straits that had completed their School Certificate level examination to the Crash-Program to overcome the acute shortage of trained medical personnel.

In January 1971, the first Hospital Assistants School in Seremban commenced its training solely for Hospital Assistants in the country. Today Malaysia has four Medical Assistants colleges (Seremban, Alor Setar, Ipoh and Kuching). The curriculums are structured specifically to enable the Hospital Assistants to function in various

health settings with emphasis on the health promotions, prevention, rehabilitation. curative and health management skill. Candidates who passed their Siiil Pelaiaran Malaysia, successfully gone through interview conducted by Public Service Commission are accepted into the three years Medical Assistants training programme.

Upon completion and having passed the final examination, they will be registered by the Medical Assistant Board and then be appointed by the Public Service Commission (Government) before they are posted to the various health care services in Malaysia. Those sponsored by respective agencies private entities will serve their employer.

The Act 180 of Hospital Assistants Act 1977 allows the establishment of Hospital Assistants (Registration) Board which supercede all matters related to the regulations and registration of Medical Assistants.

In 1993, the Medical Act 1971, Medical (Instrumental) (Exemption) Regulations 1986 was recommended for Enhancement to allow the Medical Assistants to use list of medical instruments such as stethoscope, laryngoscope, sphygmomanometer in the course of his duties.

In 1992, the Certificate level was upgraded to a Diploma level due to the various new development and challenges in the health care demanding for a highly skilled and knowledge based health care profession.

Today, in an era of specialization, rapid technology and medical science development, the Medical Assistants role as complement and supplement are evolving with times so as to remain relevant, clients focus in this ever-fast changing health care scenario.

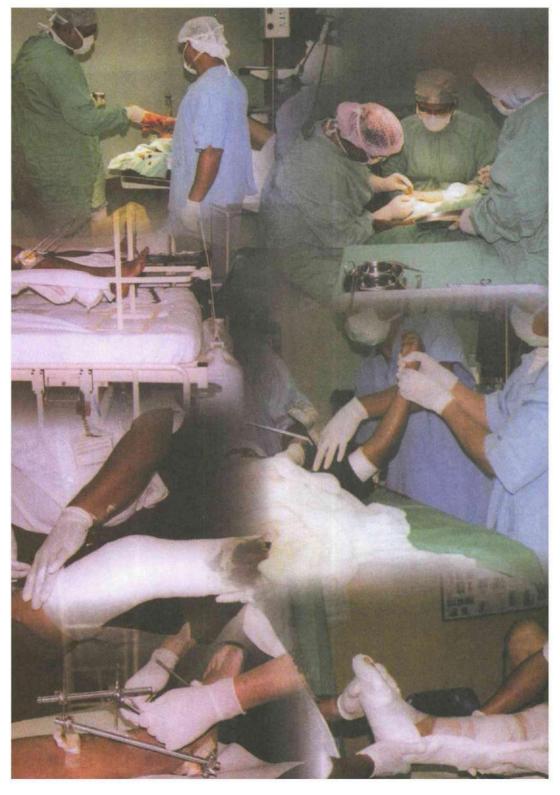
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38

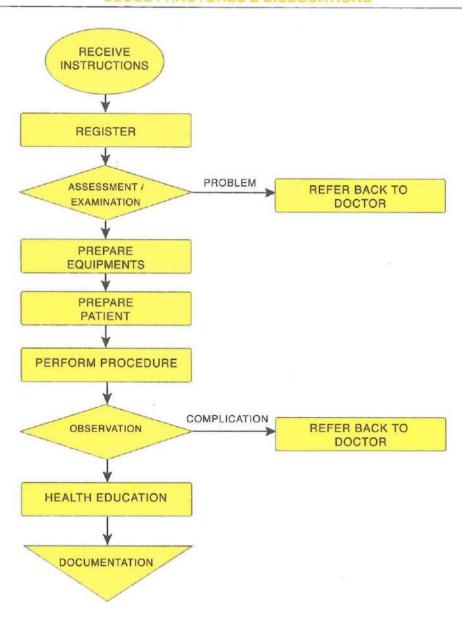
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COI	NTENTS	Page
1.	Manual Manipulation And Reduction	
	Of Close Fractures And Dislocations	1
2.	Application Of Plaster Cast	4
3.	Application Of Plaster Slab	7
0.	Application of Flastor Glab	*
4.	Wedging Of Plaster Cast	10
5.	Removal Of Plaster Cast	13
6.	Application Skin Traction	15
7.	Application Of Skeletal Traction	19
	A	
8.	Application Of Tourniquet	22
9.	Removal Of External Fixator	25
10.	Removal Of Kirschner Wire	28
10.	Tromoval of Misoniles with	20
11.	Minor Surgery	31
App. 1	List Of Minor Surgery Procedures	34
Tr.		100001741
App. 2	Check List For Minor Surgery	35
	Reference	36

**Documentation Committee** 

Acknowledgement



## 1. MANUAL MANIPULATION & REDUCTION **CLOSE FRACTURES & DISLOCATIONS**

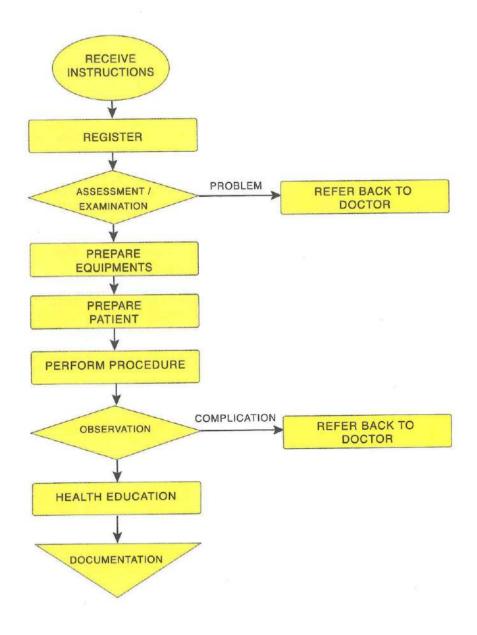


## 1. MANUAL MANIPULATION & REDUCTION OF CLOSE FRACTURES & DISLOCATIONS

Activity	Work Process	Standard	Requirement
Receive instructions	Read instruction.	Written instruction as given by doctor	BHT/ prescription slip.
2. Registration	Register patient.	Register patient particulars in the procedure registration book	Procedure registration book
Assessment/ Examination	Confirm fracture/     dislocation/site/side.     Assess deformity of the limb.     Check Condition of wound if any.     Check Circulation     Check Sensation & movement of the limb	Review X-Ray  Observe aseptic technique when necessary.	X-Ray  – AP view  – lateral
Prepare equipments	Prepare equipment, medication and lotions.	Prepare as required for the procedure.	POP Trolley Basin of Water Limb Support Cotton & Gauze Adhesive Plaster Dressing Set Syringes Sedation Spirit Swab Sofratulle Flavine Lotion Apron Arm sling Collar & cuff Splints
5. Prepare patient	<ol> <li>Check correct patient</li> <li>Explain to patient relative/ parents the procedure to be carried out.</li> <li>Check consent.</li> <li>Confirm with patient the affected limb.</li> <li>Place patient in a comfortable position.</li> <li>Place linen protector under the injured limb.</li> </ol>	Correct patient and site & side to be treats  At all time be courteous, kind and gentle  Valid consent	Consent form Linen

Activity	Work Process	Standard	Requirement
6. Perform Procedure	Give sedation     With the help of an assistant hold the affected limb carefully.	Sedation to be given Intra Venous by Doctor. Wait until patient is fully sedated.	Pop Trolley Basin of Water Limb Support cotton & gauze
	Manipulate fracture/ dislocation.     Dress and bandage the wound if any.     Apply POP/Splint/Slab/ Strapping     Clean the affected limb	Apply POP according to PANDUAN PRAKTIKAL PEMASANGAN PLASTER KAST (KKM).	Sedations Syringes Spirit Swab Tourniquet Gauze Adhesive plaster
	Mark window if necessary.     Check X-ray (post reduction).	Acceptable position (post reduction).	X-ray film (pos reduction) - AP View - Lateral
7. Observation	Observe and record circulation.     Refer to doctor if any complication arises.	Observe circulation and sensation for at least an hour (out – patient).	Circulation chart
8. Health Education	Care of the wound if any.     Encourage movement of extremities.     Care of POP/Splint/Slab/Strapping     Advise patient to return to Orthopaedic Outpatient Clinic /Emergency Department immediately if develops:	To observe aseptic technique.  Advice slip must be given to the patient.	Sterile Dressing Set. Adhesive Plaster Scissors Advice slip.
	4.1 swelling 4.2 severe pain 4.3 numbness 4.4 change in color of extremities 4.5 broken POP/Slab 4.6 fever 4.7 foul smell		3. 
9.Documentation	Record in the procedure book.  Record in patient's BHT.	Entries to be legible, signed & dated.	Procedure book Patient's BHT
	Fill Billing Code.		

#### 2. APPLICATION OF PLASTER CAST

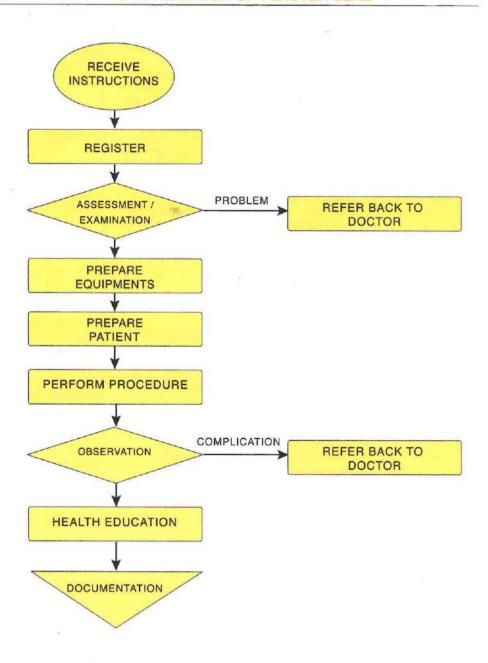


### 2. APPLICATION OF PLASTER CAST

Activity	Work Process	Standard	Requirement
Receive instructions	Read instruction.	Written instruction as given by doctor.	BHT/ prescription slip.
2. Registration	Register patient.	Register patient particulars in the procedure registration book.	Procedure Registration book
3. Assessment / examination	Confirm fracture/     dislocation/affected limb/     site & side     Assess deformity of the limb.     Check Condition of wounds if any.     Check Circulation     Check sensation & movement of the limb	Review X-ray  Observe aseptic technique when necessary.	X-ray - AP view - lateral
Prepare equipments	Prepare equipment/ medication / lotions.	Prepare as required for the procedure.	POP Trolley Basin of Water Limb Support Cotton & Gauze Adhesive Plaster Dressing Set Sedatives Sofratulle Flavine Lotion Apron Consent form Linen
5. Prepare patient	Check correct patient     Explain to patient/relatives/     parents the procedure to     be carried out.     Check consent.     Confirm with patient's the     affected limb.     Place patient in     comfortable position.     Place linen protector under     the injured limb.	Correct patient and site & side to be treats  At all times be courteous, kind and gentle.  Valid consent.	

Activity	Work Process	Standard	Requirement
6. Perform Procedure	With the help of an assistant hold the affected limb carefully.     Dress and bandage the wound if any.     Apply Plaster Cast     Mark window if necessary Check X-ray (post reduction).	Sendation to be given intravenous by a Doctor. Wait until patient is fully sedated. Observe aseptic technique when necessary Apply POP according to PANDUAN PRAKTIKAL PEMASANGAN PLASTER KAST (KKM)	POP Trolley Basin of water Limb support Sofratulle Flavine lotion Apron Consent form Linen Adhesive Plaster Dressing set Sedatives
	*	Acceptable position (post reduction)	X-ray - AP view - lateral (post reduction)
7. Observation	Observe and record circulation.     Refer to doctor if any complication arises	Observe circulation and sensation of distal part of the limb for at least an hour (out – patient).	Circulation chart
8. Health education	1. Care of the wound if any. 2. Encourage movement of extremities. 3. Care of Plaster cast. 4. Advise patient to return to Orthopaedic Outpatient Clinic /Emergency Department immediately if develops: 4.1 swelling 4.2 severe pain 4.3 numbness 4.4 change in color of extremities 4.5 broken POP 4.6 fever 4.7 foul smell	Observe aseptic technique when necessary. Advice slip must be given to the patient.	
9. Documentation	Record in the procedure book. Record in patient's BHT. Fill Billing Code.	Entries to be legible, signed & dated.	Procedure book Patient's BHT

#### 3. APPLICATION OF PLASTER SLAB

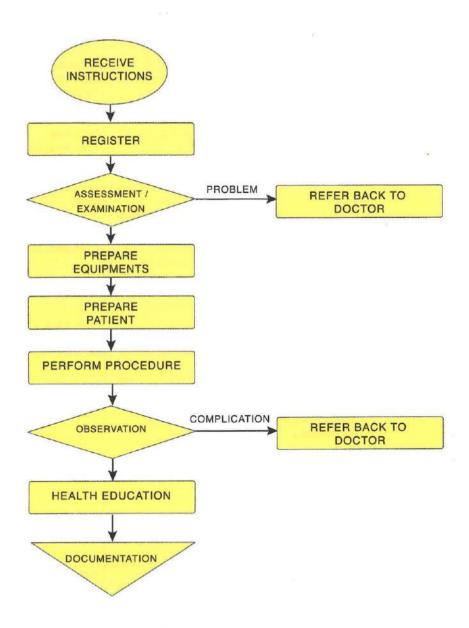


#### 3. APPLICATION OF PLASTER SLAB

Activity	Work Process	Standard	Requirement
Receive instructions	Read instruction.	Written instruction by doctor in BHT/ prescription slip.	Patient's BHT/ Prescription slip
2. Registration	Register patient.	Register patient particulars in the procedure registration book.	Procedure registration book
3. Assessment / examination	1. Confirm fracture / dislocation/affected limb/ site/side. 2. Assess deformity of the limb. 3. Check Condition of wound if any. 4. Check and record circulation 5. Check Sensation & movement of the limb	Review X-ray  Observe aseptic technique when necessary.	X-ray - AP view - lateral  Circulation chart.
Prepare equipments	Prepare equipment, medication and lotions.	Prepare as required for the procedure.	POP Trolley Basin of Water Limb Support Cotton & Gauze Adhesive Plaster Dressing Set Sofratulle Flavine Lotion Apron Scissors Consent Linen
5. Prepare patient	1. Explain to patient/relatives/ parents the procedure to be carried out. 2. Check consent. 3. Confirm with patient for injured limb. 4. Place patient in a comfortable position. 5. Place linen protector under the injured limb.	At all times be courteous kind and gentle.  Validity of consent.	

Activity	Work Process	Standard	Requirement
6. Perform procedure	Dress and bandage wound if any.     Apply Plaster Slab.     Mark window if necessary.	Observe aseptic technique when necessary.  Apply POP according to PANDUAN PRAKTIKAL PEMASANGAN PLASTER KAST (KKM).page 11 para 4.3	POP Trolley Basin of Water Limb Support Cotton & Gauze Adhesive Plaster Dressing Set Syringes Sedation Spirit Swab Sofratulle Flavine Lotion Apron Scissors
		(Refer to relevant pages for different types of casting).	Consent Linen
7. Observation	Observe and record circulation.     Refer to doctor if any complication arises	Observe circulation and sensation for at least an hour (out – patient's ).	Circulation chart
8. Health education	1. Care of the wound if any. 2. Encourage movement of extremities. 3. Care of plaster slab 4. Advise patient to return to Orthopaedic Outpatient Clinic/Emergency Department immediately if he develops:  4.1 swelling 4.2 severe pain 4.3 numbness 4.4 change in color of extremities 4.5 broken plaster slab 4.6 fever 4.7 foul smell	To observe aseptic technique when necessary.  Advice slip must be given to the patient.	Advice slip
9.Documentation	Record in the procedure book. Record in patient's BHT. Fill Billing Code	Entries to be legible, signed & dated.	Procedure book Patient's BHT

#### 4. OPEN WEDGING OF PLASTER CAST

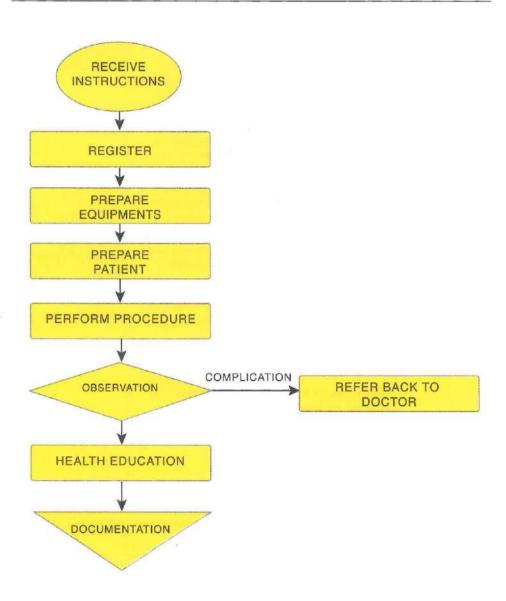


### 4. OPEN WEDGING OF PLASTER CAST

Activity	Work Process	Standard	Requirement
Receive instructions	Read instruction.	Written instruction by doctor in BHT/ prescription slip.	Patient's BHT Prescription slip
2. Registration	Register patient.	Register patient particulars in the procedure registration book.	Procedure registration book.
Assessment / examination	Confirm site / side and angulation of fracture.     Check for integrity of plaster cast.     Check for rotational angulation.     Check for amount correction needed.	Review x-rays  Duration of injury (ideally after 3 weeks when the fracture is sticky).	X-ray - AP view - lateral
Prepare equipments	Prepare equipment, medication and lotions.	Prepare as required for the procedure.	POP Trolley Basin of Water Limb Support
5. Prepare patient	1. Explain to patient relatives/ parents the procedure to be carried out. 2. Confirm with patient the affected limb. 3. Place patient in a comfortable position. 4. Place linen protector under the injured limb. 5. With help of an assistant, hold and position the limb as required. 6. Give sedation if required.	At all time be courteous, kind and gentle	Cotton & Gauze Adhesive Plaster Dressing Set Syringes Sedation Spirit Swab Sofratulle Flavine Lotion Apron Linen
6. Perform procedure	Review x-ray.  Draw lines along the longitudinal axis of the proximal and distal fragment.  Measure the angle of the deformity.  Mark and cut the POP at the level of the fracture.  Correct the angulation, insert the wedge according to the angle of deformity.  Reinforce the wedge with padding and plaster.  Send for post wedging x-ray.	Use goniometer. Cut 3/4 of the circumference of POP. Angulation should be corrected	X-ray - AP view - lateral (post wedging) Goniometer Plaster Marker Wedge

Activity	Work Process	Standard	Requiremen
7. Observation	Observe the circulation and sensation.  Take necessary action if complication arises.	Record observation for Circulation (In patient).  Avoid doing	Circulation chart
	compilication arises.	wedging near joints, loose POP, soft POP.	
	3	Do not open window at wedging area and vice - versa.	
8. Health education	Care of the wound if any.     Encourage movement of the injured extremities.     Care of Plaster cast.	To observe aseptic technique.	Advice slip
	4. Advise patient to return to clinic / Emergency Department immediately if he develops: 4.1 swelling 4.2 severe pain	Advice slip must be given to patient.	
	4.3 numbness 4.4 change in colour of affected extremities 4.5 fever 4.6 broken plaster cast 4.7 foul smell.		
9.Documentation	Record in the procedure book. Record in patient BHT.	Entries to be legible, signed & dated.	Procedure book Patient's BHT

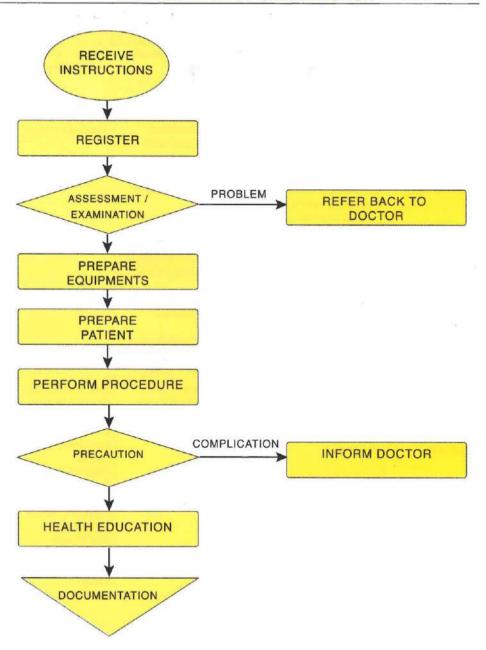
#### 5. REMOVAL OF PLASTER CAST



#### 5. REMOVAL OF PLASTER CAST

Activity	Work Process	Standard	Requirement
Receive instructions	Read instruction.	Written instruction in BHT/ prescription slip by doctor.	Patient's BHT /Prescription slip
2. Registration	Register patient.	Register patient particulars in the procedure registration book.	Procedure registration book
Prepare equipments	Prepare equipment.	Prepare equipment as required for the procedure.	POP Cutter/saw Shears Spreader POP Knife
4. Prepare patient	<ol> <li>Explain to patient relatives/ parents the procedure.</li> <li>Confirm the affected limb.</li> <li>Place patient in the comfortable position.</li> <li>Place linen protector.</li> <li>Hold and position the limb.</li> </ol>	At all times be courteous, kind and gentle.  Refer to instruction and x-ray.	Lister Scissors Dressing Set Adhesive Plaster Linen X-ray - AP view - lateral
5. Perform procedure	Cut the Plaster cast with POP cutter/saw using the correct technique.  Refer to Doctor if any of the following complications is present:  • pressure sore, • stiffness of the joint, • allergies, • circulation or • nerve impairment.	Refer to PANDUAN PRAKTIKAL PEMASANGAN PLASTER KAS (KKM) Page 14 para 4.5	
6. Health education	Care of the wound if any. Teach Crutch walking. Encourage exercise Follow up Clinic.	To observe aseptic technique.  Advice slip must be given to patient's	Advice slip
7.Documentation	Record in the procedure book.  Record in patient BHT.	Entries to be legible, signed and dated.	Procedure book /Patient's BHT

#### 6. APPLICATION OF SKIN TRACTION



#### 6. APPLICATION OF SKIN TRACTION

Activity	Work Process	Standard	Requirement
Receive instructions	Read instruction.	Written instruction in BHT/ prescription slip by doctor.	Patient's BHT /Prescription slip
2. Registration	Register patient.	Register patient particulars in the procedure registration book.	Procedure registration book
Assessment / examination	1. Check for wound. 2. Check for dermatitis, varicose veins, ischaemic limb or insensate limb. 3. Ask patient for history of diabetes. 4. Ask patient for history of plaster allergy. 5. Confirm the site & side for fraction.	Do not apply over an open wound.  Contraindicated in dermatitis, varicose veins, ischaemic limb or insensate limb.  Use cautiously in diabetics.  Contraindication for patient's with plaster allergy.	X-ray film if any
Prepare equipments	Prepare equipment as required.	Prepare as required for the procedure.	Skin Traction Kit Crepe Bandage Felt
5. Prepare patient	Place patient in a supine position.  Explain to patient relatives/ parents about the procedure to be carried out.  Place a linen protector under the injured limb.  Shave and clean the affected		Thomas Splint Bohler's Braun Frame Weight & hanger Buck Extension Scissors Adhesive Plaster Cotton Wool Bed Blocks Linen Protector Shaving set
	limb.		Pillow.

Activity	Work Process	Standard	Requirement
Perform procedure	Begin procedure with help of an assistant.	Begin bandaging at distal end. Avoid Achilles	Skin Traction Kit Crepe Bandage Fett
	Hold the injured limb with care.	tendon (for lower limb).	Thomas Splint Bohler's Braun Frame
	Protect bony prominences.	Fix skin traction and bandage	Weight & hanger Buck Extension
	Apply skin traction and bandage.	neatly.	Scissors Adhesive Plaster
	Begin bandaging	At all time be courteous, kind and gentle	Cotton Wool Bed Blocks Linen Protector
	Fix a Thomas Splint to the affected limb and bandage if required.	Maintain principles of Traction.	Shaving set Pillow.
	Tie the Traction cord to the weight running over a pulley /extension buck.	position     counter traction     friction	8
	Place a pillow under the injured limb if required.	continuous traction     line of pull	
7. Health education	Personal hygiene.	Do not meddle with the bandage.	Advice slip
	Psychological support.     Care of the skin traction.	Keep the weight always hanging free. Do active/passive exercise of the	
		affected limb. Do not scratch over traction area. Inform the staff if any problem.	
8.Documentation	Record procedure.  Record in patient BHT.	Entries to be legible, signed & dated.	Procedure book Patient's BHT
	Fill billing code.		

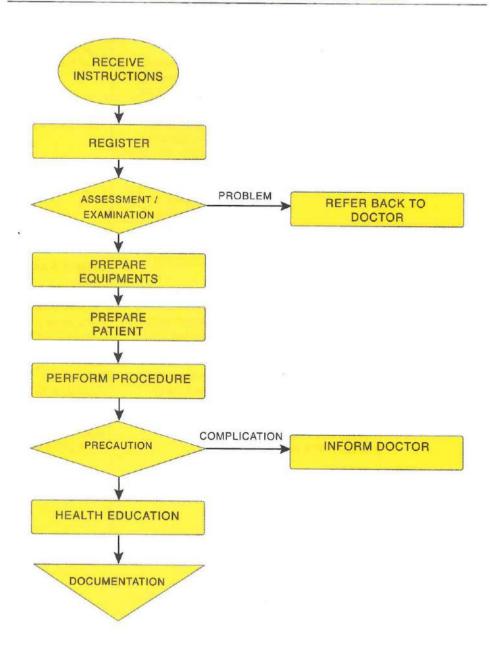
#### PRECAUTIONS;

- 1. Do not apply over an open wound .
- 2. Contraindicated in dermatitis, varicose veins, ischaemic limb or insensate limb.
- 3. Use cautiously in diabetics .
- 4. Contraindication for patient's with plaster allergy.

Maintain principles of Traction.

- position
- counter traction
- friction
- · continuous traction
- line of pull

#### 7. APPLICATION OF SKELETAL TRACTION



#### 7. APPLICATION OF SKELETAL TRACTION

Written instruction in BHT/ prescription slip by doctor  Register patient particulars in the procedure registration book.  Prepare equipment as required for procedure  At all times be courteous, kind and gentle  at. der	Procedure registration book Bohler's Braun Frame
particulars in the procedure registration book.  Prepare equipment as required for procedure  At all times be courteous, kind and gentle	registration book  Bohler's Braun Frame
equipment as required for procedure  At all times be courteous, kind and gentle	Frame
courteous, kind and gentle at.	Frame
Weight not to exceed 1/10 of body weight.  r or Prevent patient from injury	
	hler's the

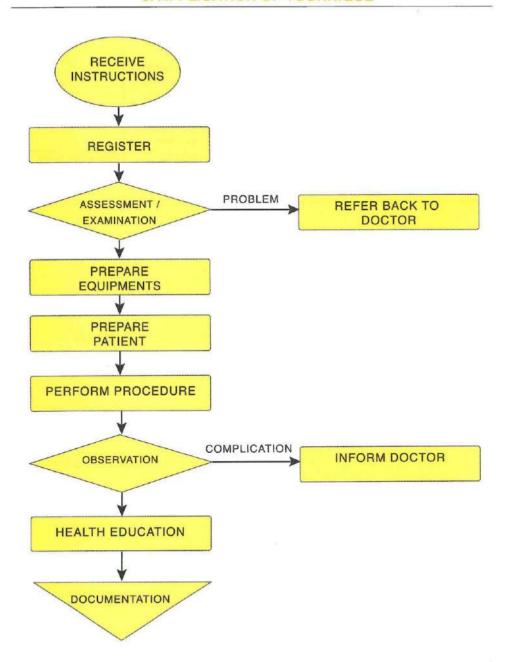
Activity	Work Process	Standard	Requirement
6. Health education	Care of the wound.	Observe aseptic technique	Advice slip
	Personal hyglene.	Do not meddle bandage.	
	Psychological support.	Keep the weight always hanging	
	Care of skeletal traction.	free. Active exercise of the affected limb. Inform the staff if any problem.	
7.Documentation	Record in the procedure book.  Record in patient BHT.	Entries to be legible, signed and dated.	Procedure book Patient's BHT

#### PRECAUTIONS

Maintain principles of traction.

- 1. position
- 2. counter traction
- 3. friction
- 4. continuous traction
- 5. line of pull.

#### 8. APPLICATION OF TOURNIQUE



### 8. APPLICATION OF TOURNIQUE

Activity	Work Process	Standard	Requirement
Receive instructions	Receive instruction.	Receive instruction from doctor.	Patient's BHT
Assessment / examination	Rule out contraindication for tourniquet application.	Ensure no leakage of air to maintain the required pressure.  Contraindicated in ischaemic limb.  Exsanguination contraindicated in: infection, tumour and thrombosis.	
Prepare equipments	Prepare Tourniquet unit and cuff.	Test to ensure tourniquet unit is functional and in good condition.	-Tourniquet Unit Cuffs-various sizes Orthoban Esmarch Bandage Timer
Prepare patient	Place patient in required position.	Patient's position according to the type of surgery as required by surgeon.	
5. Perform procedure	Apply orthoban and suitable size cuff. Elevate the affected limb. Exsanguinate limb with Esmarch bandage if required. Inflate cuff to the recommended pressure. Set the tourniquet starting time. Inform anesthetist time of inflation. Inform operating surgeon at appropriate intervals.	Suggested Pressure:  For upper limb systolic + (50 to 75 mm Hg)  For lower limb systolic x 2  Alert operating surgeon at	
	After completion of surgery, deflate and remove cuff. Check blood circulation of the affected limb.	appropriate intervals.	

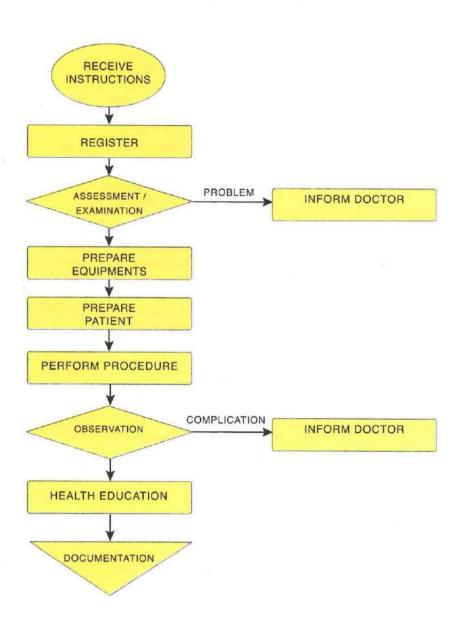
Activity	Work Process	Standard	Requirement
6.Documentation	Record name, time of inflation, deflation and pressure applied in the specific notes.	Entries to be legible, signed and dated.	Patient's record

#### PRECAUTIONS:

Ensure no leakage of air to maintain the required pressure. Contraindicated in ischaemic limb.

Exsanguination contraindicated in: infection, tumour and thrombosis.

## 9. REMOVAL OF EXTERNAL FIXATOR

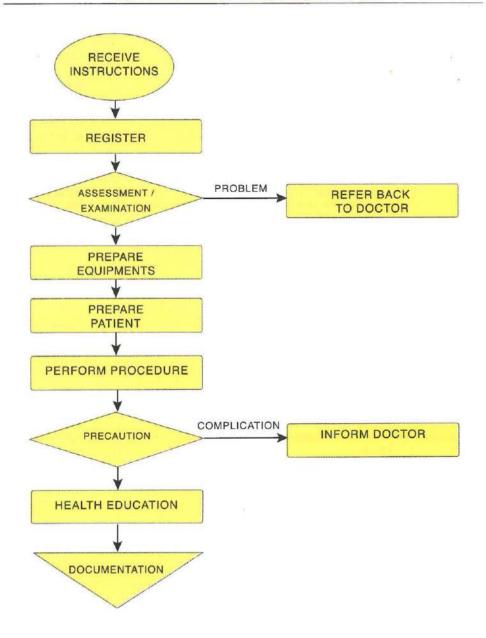


# 9. REMOVAL OF EXTERNAL FIXATOR

Activity	Work Process	Standard	Requirement
Receive instructions	Read instruction.	Written instruction as given by doctor.	Patient's BHT /Prescription slip
2. Registration	Register patient.	Register patient in the procedure registration book.	Procedure registration book
Assessment / examination	Review X-ray. Check deformity of limb Check condition of wound	Deformities of the limb, condition of wound & any pin tract infection to be noted to doctor.	X-ray - AP view - lateral
4. Prepare equipments	Prepare equipment.	Prepare equipment as required for the procedure.	Open Wrench Allen Key Socket wrench Pliers
5. Prepare patient	Place patient in a comfortable position.  Explain to patient relatives/ parents the procedure to be carried out,  Place linen protector under the injured limb.	At all times be courteous, kind and gentle.	T - Handle Dressing Set Sterile Gauze Adhesive Plaster Povidine Iodine Sedation. C&S Bottle Sterile swab Pathological Lab Form Linen

Activity	Work Process	Standard	Requirement
6. Perform procedure	Begin procedure with help of an assistant.	At all time be courteus, kind and gentle.	Open Wrench Allen Key Socket wrench
	Hold the injured limb with	una gondo.	Pliers
	care.	For the removal of Halo Vest	T - Handle Dressing Set
	Clean the affected area and surrounding skin.	apply cervical collar before removal.	Sterile Gauze Adhesive Plaster Povidine Iodine
	Take Swab for C&S if		Sedation.
	required.	Sedation if necessary.	C&S Bottle Sterile swab
	Use T-Handle to remove	-,	Pathological
	Schan'z Pin with proper	Observe aseptic	Lab Form
	technique.	technique.	Linen
	Dress the wound.	Use appropriate appliances	
	Rest patient in comfortable	A CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF THE P	
	position	Refer to Doctor if there is any complication.	
7. Observation	Care of the wound.	To observe aseptic technique	Advice slip Crutches
	Teach Crutch walking,	acoptio toorniquo	0.0101100
	Follow up Clinic.	Advice slip must be given to patient's	
	Exercise the affected limb.	patients	
8.Documentation	Record in the procedure book.	Entries to be legible,	Procedure book Patient's BHT
	Record in patient BHT.	signed & dated.	
	Fill billing code		

## 10. REMOVAL OF KIRSCHNER WIRES

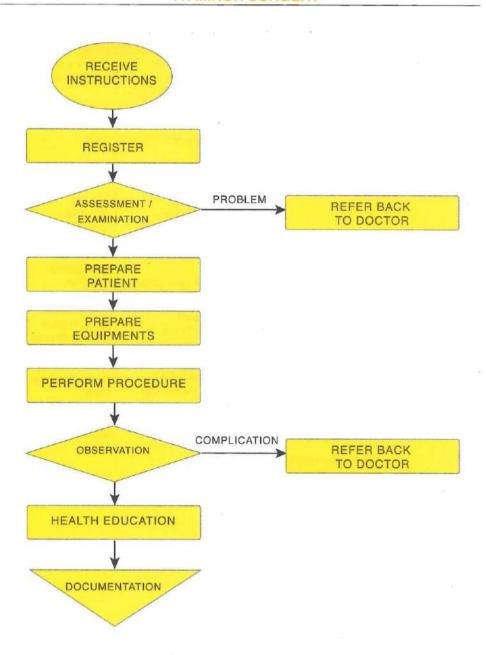


## 10. REMOVAL OF KIRSCHNER WIRES

Activity	Work Process	Standard	Requirement
Receive instructions	Read instruction.	Read written instruction as given by doctor.	Patient's BHT /Prescription slip
2. Registration	Register patient.	Register patient in the procedure registration book.	Procedure Registration book
Assessment / examination	Review X-ray  Check deformities of the limb, check condition of wound & any pin tract infection.	Any deformities of the limb, sepsis of the wound & any pin tract infection to be noted to doctor.	X-ray film
Prepare equipments	Prepare equipment and drugs.	Prepare equipment and drugs as required for the procedure.	Pliers T-Handle with chuck & key. Dressing set Adhesive
5. Prepare patient	Place patient in a comfortable position.  Explain to patient relatives/ parents the procedure to be carried out.  Place linen protector under the injured limb.  Review x-ray.	At all times be courteous, kind and gentle.  Sedation to be given if necessary.	Plaster. Antiseptic Lotion. Swab, C&S Bottle Pathological Lab Form Linen Sedative

Activity	Work Process	Standard	Requirement
6. Perform procedure	Begin procedure with help of an assistant.	Observe aseptic technique.	Pliers T-Handle with chuck & key.
	Hold the injured limb with care.	Refer to doctor if there is any	Dressing set Adhesive
	Clean the affected part.	complication.	Plaster. Antiseptic
	Take Swab for C&S if required.		Lotion. Swab.
	Use pliers / T- Handle to pull the wires out.		C&S Bottle Pathological Lab Form
	Dress wound.		Linen Sedative
	Rest patient in comfortable position		
7. Health	Care of the wound.	To observe aseptic technique	Advice slip
Guidation	Follow-up clinic.	acopilo tootiiiqoo	
		Advice slip must be given to patient's	
8.Documentation	Record in the procedure book.	Entries to be legible, signed & dated.	Procedure book Patient's BHT
	Record in patient BHT.		

## 11. MINOR SURGERY



# 11. MINOR SURGERY

Activity	Work Process	Standard	Requirement
Receive instructions	Read instruction. Verify minor surgery check list.	Read written instruction as given by doctor.	Patient's BHT /Prescription slip
2. Registration	Register the patient's.	Register the patient particulars in the procedure book	Procedure Registration book
3. Assessment / examination	Examine of the affected area.	To observe excessive bleeding, excessive swelling, acute pain and other abnormalities  To inform doctor if required	T&S Set I & D Set Aspiration set Excision set Local Anaesthesia Syringes /needles
4. Prepare equipments	Prepare equipment.	Prepare equipment as required for the procedure.	Sterile Glove Surgical Mask Solution Normal Saline Antiseptic Lotion
5. Prepare patient	Explain to patient the procedure to be carried out.  Place patient in a comfortable position.  Place a linen protector under	At all times be courteous and kind.	Sterile Dressing Towel Adhesive Plaster Sutures Bandage Linen

Activity	Work Process	Standard	Requirement
6. Perform procedure as Appendix 1	Set intravenous drip if required	Observe aseptic technique.	
	Clean the affected part and surrounding area with antiseptic lotion.	Local Anaesthesia to be given according to body weight.	
	Drape the area.  Administer local anesthesia.  Perform minor surgery.	REFER TO APPROPRIATE PROCEDURE PROTOCOL.	
	Dress the surgical wound.  Inform doctor if complication arises.	**	
7. Health education	Care of the wound. Follow up clinic.	To observe aseptic technique Advice slip must be given to patient's	Advice slip Appointment card
8.Documentation	Record in the procedure book.  Record in patient BHT.	Entries to be legible, signed & dated.	Procedure book Patient's BHT
	Fill billing code.		

## PRECAUTIONS;

Avoid injecting into vessels

### LIST OF MINOR SURGERY PROCEDURES

- 1. Insertion of Steinmann Pin
- 2. Knee Aspiration (Haemathrosis)
- 3. Toilet & Suture
- 4. Incision & Drainage
- 5 Desloughing
- 6. Nail Avulsion
- 7. Removal of Simple cysts, Ganglions and Lipomas.

Date :.....

Appendix 2

## CHECKLIST FOR MINOR SURGERY

Patient Name : .....

No.	Particulars	YES	NO	Remarks
1.	Written instruction from doctor			
2.	Written Consent			
3.	Check Patient's particulars :  a) Correct R/N: / NRIC b) Name c) Correct BHT			
4.	Confirm with patient the correct site & side for procedure.			
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### DOCUMENTATION COMMITTEE

#### ADVISOR

Dato' Dr. Hjh. Noorimi binti Hj. Morad Director of Medical Development, Ministry of Health Malaysia

Dr. Mohd Khairi bin Yakub Director, Medical Practices Division Ministry of Health Malaysia

#### CHAIRMAN

Mohd Azmi bin Osman Senior Medical Assistant Medical Assistant Board, Ministry of Health Malaysia

#### SECRETARY

Hj. Johari bin Hj. Zakaria P.P.N Senior Medical Assistant Medical Assistant Board, Ministry of Health Malaysia

#### MEMBERS

Hj. Zainudin bin Mohd Noor Senior Medical Assistant Medical Assistant Board, Ministry of Health Malaysia

Hj. Nik Roslan bin Nik Ismail Senior Medical Assistant Medical Assistant Board, Ministry of Health Malaysia

Hj. Zulkifli bin Abdul Majid Senior Medical Assistant Medical Assistant Board, Ministry of Health Malaysia

Hussin bin Ninggal Senior Medical Assistant Medical Assistant Board, Ministry of Health Malaysia

Hasuridza binti Abdul Razab Medical Assistant Board, Ministry of Health Malaysia

Muhamad Nur Azhari bin Sahar Medical Assistant Board, Ministry of Health Malaysia

### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

The Documentation Committee of the Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) wish to express its appreciation and thanks to the following individuals for their invaluable contribution towards making the SOP a success:

- The Director General of Health, Malaysia
- The Deputy Director General of Health (Medical)
- The Director of Medical Development Division, Ministry of Health
- · The Director of Medical Practice Division, Ministry of Health
- The Technical Advisor of SOP
- The members of Technical Committee
- The panel of reviewers
- The panel of contributors
- Secreatary Training Division, Ministry of Health
- · Medical Assistants Board, Ministry of Health
- The Principals of Medical Assistants Colleges
- All State Health Department
- · All Hospitals, Ministry of Health
- All other individuals and organisation who have contributed directly or indirectly towards the success of this publication



Medical Assistant Board Ministry Of Health, Malaysia

